



河海大学
HOHAI UNIVERSITY

公共管理学院

School of Public Administration

社会学（学术硕士）

Sociology（Academic Master）

移民科学与工程（学术硕士）

Resettlement Science and Engineering（Academic Master）

公共管理（学术硕士）

Public Management（Academic Master）

社会学 (0303)

Sociology

学科门类：法学 (03) 一级学科：社会学 (0303)

Discipline Category: Law (03)

First-Class Discipline: Sociology (0303)

一、学科简介

河海大学 2003 年获得社会学二级学科硕士授予权，2005 年获得社会学二级学科博士学位授予权和社会学一级学科硕士学位授予权，2012 年获批设立博士后科研流动站。河海大学社会学特色鲜明，研究方向包括移民社会学、城乡社会学、环境社会学、社会评估、法律社会学、人口社会学等方向。过去 5 年，本学科主持国家社会科学基金、国家自然科学基金、教育部人文社科基金、江苏省社会科学基金、国家博士后基金等省部级基金课题 30 余项，主持世行、亚行、水利部、农业农村部、住建部等课题百余项，科研经费充裕。学科现有专任教师 34 人，其中教授 11 人，副教授 15 人，本学科有较高学术声誉。

I. Discipline Overview

Hohai University had been authorized the master and doctoral degree awarding qualifications of subordinate discipline of Sociology respectively in 2003 and 2005, and the master degree awarding qualification of first-grade discipline of Sociology in 2005. Meanwhile, a post-doctoral research station of the discipline of Sociology had been set in Hohai University. The research directions of discipline of Sociology in Hohai University are mainly focus on Migration Sociology, Rural and urban Sociology, Environmental Sociology, Social Assessment, Law Sociology, Demographic Sociology, Social Policy and Management. In the past five years, this discipline has hosted more than 30 projects funded by national Social Science Foundation of China, National Natural Science Foundation of China, Humanities and Social Science

Foundation of Ministry of Education, Social Science Foundation of Jiangsu Province, National Postdoctoral Foundation and more than 100 projects funded by World Bank, Asian Development Bank, Ministry of Water Resources, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, Ministry of Housing and Urban-Rural Development. The discipline has 34 full-time teachers, including 11 professors and 15 associate professors. The discipline enjoys a high academic reputation.

二、培养目标

1. 本学科致力于培养具有国际视野和专业素养的社会学高级人才。硕士层次留学生应当在社会学领域中具有较好的国际视野,能够在多个国家的实际环境中运用和发展社会学的知识、技能和方法,并具备参与国际事务的能力。

2. 以英语为专业教学语言的学科、专业中,外国留学生毕业时,硕士研究生的中文能力应当至少达到《国际汉语能力标准》三级水平。

3. 河海大学硕士层次留学生应能够胜任教学、科研、管理、行政、社会评估等各种岗位,尤其是在国际社会学研究与应用领域具有竞争优势。

II. Discipline Objectives

1. This discipline is dedicated to cultivating high-level sociology talents with international vision and professional quality. International master graduates of Hohai University are expected to have good international view, to apply and develop the theories, skills, and methodologies in the actual environment of several countries, and have the ability to participate in the international affairs.

2. International master graduates must meet the requirement of Level 3 in Chinese Language Proficiency Scales upon graduation if they conduct their coursework in English.

3. Master level students should be able to competent in teaching, scientific research, management, administration, social evaluation and other positions, especially in the field of international sociology research and application with competitive advantages.

三、主要研究方向

1. 移民社会学
2. 城乡社会学
3. 环境社会学
4. 社会评估
5. 人口学
6. 文化人类学
7. 社会政策与社会治理
8. 社会工作

III. Research Directions

1. Migration and Resettlement Sociology
2. Rural and Urban Sociology
3. Environmental Sociology
4. Social Assessment
5. Demography
6. Cultural Anthropology
7. Social Policy and Social Governance
8. Social Works

四、学制和学习年限

学术学位全英文硕士留学研究生的标准学制为 3 年。实行弹性学制，学习年限最短不少于 2 年，最长不超过 5 年。

IV. Number of Years Requirement

The master program typically requires 3 years to complete. However, the completing time may vary to 2

years as the minimum and 5 years as the maximum.

五、学分要求和课程设置

1. 学术学位全英文硕士留学研究生课程总学分为 28 学分，其中学位课程为 20 学分，非学位课程为 8 学分。另设教学环节。所有课程学习一般应在入学后 1 年内完成。

2. 汉语课每学分为 24 学时，中国概况课每学分为 18 学时，其他课程每学分为 16 学时。

3. 中国国情教育（水韵课堂）为系列专题讲座，要求学生按照要求完成规定的学习任务。

4. 对于汉语水平已达到毕业要求的学生，可申请免修汉语，具体要求详见留学生课程免修有关规定。

具体课程设置如下：

V. Credit Requirements and Curriculum

1. International academic master students will complete 28 credits, 20 of which are from degree courses, and 8 of which are from non-degree courses. Students will also complete academic activities. Coursework will be completed in one year after registration.

2. Each credit of Chinese language course is 24 credit hours. Each credit of Introduction to China is 18 credit hours. For other courses, each credit is 16 credit hours.

3. “Water Harmony Lectures” is a series of seminars, which require students to complete the specified learning tasks.

4. For students who have met the Chinese language requirement for the master degree, Chinese language courses can be exempted, of which the details can be referred to in relevant regulations.

The specific curriculum is as follows:

社会学全英文学术型留学硕士研究生课程设置

Curriculum for English Taught International Academic Master Students in Sociology

课程类别 Category	课程代码 Course Code	课程名称 Course Name	学分 Credit	学时 Hours	开课学期 Term	备注 Remarks	
学位课程 Degree Course 20 学分	公共课程 General Course	2022LM000001	汉语 I Chinese Language I	2	48	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
		2022LM000002	汉语 II Chinese Language II	2	48	春 Spring	
		2022LM000003	中国概况 Introduction to China	2	36	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM110001	论文写作指导 Guide of Thesis Writing	2	32	秋、春 Autumn/ Spring	
	基础课程 Basic Course	2022LM160101	社会研究方法 Social Research Methods	2	32	秋 Autumn	选修 8 学分 Optional 8 credits at least
		2022LM160102	社会理论 Social Theory	2	32	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM160103	文化人类学 Culture Anthropology	2	32	春 Spring	
		2022LM160104	发展研究 Development Research	2	32	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM160105	社会学研究进展 Research progress of sociology	2	32	春 Spring	
		2022LM550002	高级经济学 Advanced Economics	2	32	秋 Autumn	
	2022LM550001	高级管理学 Advanced Management	2	32	秋 Autumn		
专业课程 Major Course	2022LM160307	应用心理学 Applied Psychology	2	32	春 Spring	选修 2 学分 Optional 2 credits at least	
	2022LM160303	社会福利与社会救助 Social Welfare and Social Relief	2	32	秋 Autumn		
非学位课程 Non-degree Course 8 学分	2022LM110002	中国国情教育（水韵课堂） Water Harmony Lectures	1	16	秋、春 Autumn/ Spring	必修 Compulsory	
	2022LM160106	移民社会学 Sociology of Resettlement and Migration	2	32	春 Spring	选修 6 学分 Optional 6 credits at least	
	2022LM160107	环境社会学 Environmental Sociology	2	32	春 Spring		
	2022LM160108	社会评价 Social Assessment	2	32	秋 Autumn		
	2022LM160301	公共政策分析 Public Policy Analysis	2	32	春 Spring		
	选修硕士课程 Optional courses for master						选修 Optional
教学环节 Academic Activity	学术活动（含博导讲座） Seminar and Conferences (including lecturers by PhD advisors)				必修 Compulsory		
	实践活动 Practice Activity						
	科学研究 Scientific Research						

六、教学环节

1. 个人培养计划

学术学位硕士研究生入学后，应在导师指导下，在规定时间内按照培养方案和学位论文工作有关规定，结合研究方向和本人实际情况制定个人培养计划，其中学习计划在入学 2 个月内提交。

2. 学术活动

学术学位硕士研究生学术活动包括参加国内外学术会议、专家学术讲座，以及研究生学术研讨活动等。申请学位论文答辩前必须参加 10 次以上的学术交流活动，其中博导讲座至少 2 次。研究生参加学术活动必须填写相关学术活动登记本。

3. 实践活动

为培养劳动实践能力和责任意识，学术学位硕士研究生必须参加实践活动，实践活动形式包括助教、助管、助研、生产实践、社会实践等。由导师对学生实践环节的时长和效果进行考核和评价。

VI. Academic Session

1. Study Proposal

The master students must prepare a proposal on how they will complete the master degree by considering their research interests, advice from their research advisors, and other requirements mentioned in this document. The proposal must be submitted in two months after official registration.

2. Seminars and Conferences

Master students must participate in academic conferences, talks by experts, seminars by PhD advisors, and discussion panels. Before they apply for the master degree, master students must participate in seminars and conferences over 10 times, including 2 seminars by PhD advisors. All the seminars and talks should be recorded in relevant record book.

3. Practical Activities

Master students are required to participate in practice activities to prepare professional development. Practice activities include teaching assistantship, research assistantship, management assistantship, and

industry engagement etc., that are to be assessed by the advisors.

七、论文工作

学术学位硕士学位论文研究工作必须经过文献阅读、论文选题、论文计划及开题报告、论文中期检查、科研成果产出、学位论文预审、学位论文评阅、学位论文答辩等环节。具体按照《河海大学硕士学位论文工作管理办法》和学院相关文件执行。留学硕士研究生可使用英文撰写论文。

VII. Dissertation

The dissertations of academic master students are required to complete the stages of literature review, topic selection, dissertation plan and dissertation proposal, mid-term examination, output of scientific research achievements, pre-examination, review and assessment, and dissertation defense. Detailed requirements can be referred to in “Hohai University Master's Dissertation Management Measures” and relevant documents in the college of public management. Dissertation in English is acceptable.

八、本学科推荐阅读的重要书目、专著和学术期刊

VIII. Recommended Bibliographies, Monographs and Academic Journals of the Discipline

1. MARX K. Das kapital. Vol. 1-4. Dar El-Huda, 2007.
2. MARX K. Economic and philosophic manuscripts of 1844, Prometheus Books, 2009.
3. DURKEIM E. Suicide: A study in sociology. Routledge, 2005.
4. DURKEIM E. The division of labor in society. Routledge, 2019.
5. DURKEIM E. The basic forms of religious life. Bagher Parham. 2005.
6. WEBER M. The Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism. Routledge, 2013.
7. WEBER M. The Religion of China: Confucianism and Taoism, edited by H.H. Gerth. Glencoe, IL:

The Free Press, 1951

8. WEBER M. The vocation lectures. Hackett Publishing, 2004.
9. SIMMEL G. The sociology of Georg Simmel. Vol. 92892. Simon and Schuster, 1950.
10. SIMMEL G. The philosophy of money. Routledge, 2004.
11. TOCQUEVILLE A. Democracy in America: And two essays on America. Penguin UK, 2003.
12. PARSONS T. The structure of social action: a study in social theory with special reference to a group of recent European writers, 1968.
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14. COSER L. A. The functions of social conflict. Vol. 9. Routledge, 1998.
15. BLAU P. M. Exchange and power in social life. Routledge, 2017.
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23. ELIAS N. The civilizing process: Sociogenetic and psychogenetic investigations. Wiley-Blackwell, 1969.
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25. FOUCAULT M. Madness and civilization. Routledge, 2003.
26. BAUMAN Z. Liquid modernity. John Wiley & Sons, 2013.

27. GEERTZ C. The interpretation of cultures. Basic books, 1973.
28. GEERTZ C. Local knowledge: Further essays in interpretive anthropology. Basic books, 2008.
29. POLANYI K. The great transformation: The political and economic origins of our time. Beacon press, 2001.
30. CHANG C-I. and HSIAO T-F. Earthbound China: A Study of the Rural Economy of Yunnan. Routledge, 2013.
31. EI HIAO-TUNG, and MALINOWSKI B. Peasant life in China. Read Books Ltd, 2013.
32. FEI XIAOTONG. From the soil. university of California Press, 1992.
33. Lin, YUEH-HWA. The golden wing: A sociological study of Chinese familism. Routledge, 2013.
34. SCUDEER T. ed. The future of large dams: Dealing with social, environmental, institutional and political costs. Routledge, 2012.
35. FREEDMAN M. Lineage organization in southeastern China. Routledge, 2021.
36. EVANS-PRITCHARD E.E. The Nuer: A description of the modes of livelihood and political institutions of a nilotic people. Oxford University Press. 1940.
37. MAUSS M. The gift: The form and reason for exchange in archaic societies. Routledge, 2002.
38. LEVI-STRAUSS, C. Tristes tropiques. Penguin UK, 2011.
39. TURNER V. The ritual process: Structure and anti-structure. Routledge, 2017.
40. SKINNER G. W. "Marketing and social structure in rural China, Part I." The Journal of Asian Studies 24.1 (1964): 3-43.
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60. WILLIAM L. P. and HALMO D. Resettling Displaced Communities: Applying the International Standard for Involuntary Resettlement. Lanham: Lexington, 2021.
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62. TORTAJADA C. et al editors. Impacts of large dams: a global assessment. Berlin: Springer, 2012.
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64. SUSANNA P. and BETTINA G. Social Assessment Manual for Investment Projects in China, Beijing: China Planning Press, 2007.
65. ZHONG QIU and SHI GUOQING. Environmental Consciousness in China: Change with Social Transformation. Cambridge: Elsevier, 2020.
66. ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK. Safeguard Policy Statement, 2008.
67. ASIAN DEVELOPMENT Bank. Involuntary Resettlement Safeguards a Planning and Implementation Good Practice Sourcebook, 2011
68. WORLD BANK. Environmental and Social Framework, 2018.
69. WORLD BANK. Involuntary Resettlement Sourcebook, 2006.
70. Journal: Social Sciences in China 中国社会科学
71. Journal: Sociological Studies 社会学研究
72. Journal: Chinese Journal of Sociology (CJS) 社会
73. Journal: Chinese Journal of Population Science 中国人口科学
74. Journal: American Sociological Review
75. Journal: American Journal of Sociology
76. Journal: Social Forces
77. Journal: Annual Review of Sociology

78. Journal: China Quarterly

79. Journal: Modern China

80. Journal: Social Work Research

81. Journal: Current Anthropology

82. Journal: American Anthropologist

移民科学与工程 (0303J3)

Resettlement Science and Engineering

学科门类：交叉学科（14）、法学（03） 一级学科：社会学（0303）

Discipline: Interdispline(14)、Law (03)

First-Class Discipline: Sociology (0303)

一、学科简介

移民科学与工程是以社会学一级学科博士点牵头和水利工程、环境科学与工程、测绘科学与工程、管理科学与工程、公共管理等多学科共同建设的交叉学科门类的博士授权点。1987年以来，河海大学先后在水利工程、工商管理、管理科学与工程、社会学、公共管理等五个一级学科内设置了移民相关方向，形成了多学科交叉的移民科学与工程交叉学科基础，并持续、快速的发展。国家重点建设一流学科水利工程一级学科自1990年起培养博士和硕士研究生，2008年起在工程（水利工程）硕士领域设置工程移民专业方向。工商管理一级学科自1994年开始，河海大学在技术经济与管理硕士点学科内设移民技术经济与管理专业方向，1997年设置博士点方向，培养硕士、博士研究生。社会学一级学科自2003年获得二级硕士点，2005年获得社会学二级博士点和社会学一级学科硕士点，2011年获得博士后流动站，2017年获得一级博士点，现为江苏省重点学科，移民研究是主要研究方向，2013年设置了全英文的社会学硕士、博士专业。管理科学与工程一级学科于2004年自主设立“移民科学与管理”二级博士点，在国务院学位委员会备案，是世界上第一个独立的移民学科博士点，2013年设置了全英文的移民科学与管理硕士、博士专业。公共管理一级学科于2003年获得行政管理硕士点，2005年获得一级硕士点，现为江苏省重点学科，分别在土地资源管理学硕士点设置征地拆迁移民管理方向，在行政管理硕士点设置移民管理学研究方向，2013年设置了全英文的公共管理硕士专业。移民科学与工程学科领域尚涉及环境科学与工程、测绘科学与工程、地理学、心理学、经济学、地质科学与工程、数学、政治学、民族学、历史学、文学等学科。

设立在我校的（水利部）中国移民研究中心是世界上唯一的全国性移民研究机构。近 10 年以来，本学科主持国家社会科学基金重大、重点、一般和青年项目以及国家自然科学基金、教育部人文社科基金、江苏省社会科学基金、国家博士后基金等省部级基金课题 30 余项，主持世行、亚行、水利部、农业部、住建部等课题百余项，科研经费充裕。本学科在国内外有较高学术声誉。

I. Discipline Overview

Resettlement Science and Engineering is a doctoral authorization center of interdisciplinary disciplines led by the doctoral program of sociology, jointly constructed by multiple disciplines such as water conservancy engineering, environmental science and engineering, surveying and mapping science and engineering, management science and engineering, and public administration. Since 1987, in Hohai University, supported by science and engineering discipline successively in water conservancy engineering, business management, management science and engineering, sociology, public administration, etc. within the discipline set up on resettlement direction, formed a multidisciplinary cross resettlement interdisciplinary foundation for science and engineering, and sustained and rapid development. The water conservancy engineering has been cultivating doctoral and master students since 1990. Since 2008, resettlement engineering has been set up in the master's field of engineering (water conservancy engineering). Hohai University has set the direction of resettlement technology economy and management in the discipline of technology economy and management master's degree in 1994 and doctor's degree in 1997. In sociology, it set resettlement sociology master program in 2003, Ph.D program in 2005, post-doctoral in 2011, first-level doctoral degree in 2017, research on resettlement set up a master and doctor in full English in 2013, now the key disciplines of Jiangsu Province. Management science and engineering in Jiangsu Province in 2004 set up independently "Resettlement Science and Management" secondary doctoral degree in the academic degrees committee under the State Council for the record, is the first independent resettlement discipline doctoral degree in the world, a full English program in master and doctor was set up in 2013. Administrative management in 2003, public administration master degree in 2005, now the key disciplines of Jiangsu Province, respectively in setting requisition of land

resources management graduate management direction, master in the administrative management set resettlement management research direction, set up a full English master of public administration in 2013. Training international graduate students in resettlement management. The discipline fields of resettlement science and engineering include environmental science and engineering, surveying and mapping science and engineering, geography, psychology, economics, geological science and engineering, mathematics, political science, ethnology, history and other first-level disciplines.

The Chinese Resettlement Research Center (Ministry of Water Resources) established at Hohai University is the only national Resettlement research institution in the world. In the past 10 years, the program has hosted more than 30 ministerial and provincial fund projects, such as China's National Social Science Fund, China's National Natural Science Fund, the Humanities and Social Science Fund of China's Ministry of Education, the Jiangsu Provincial Social Science Fund, and the National Postdoctoral Fund. In addition, it has received more than 100 grants from the World Bank, ADB, China's Ministry of Water Resources, Ministry of Agriculture, and Ministry of Housing and Urban-Rural Development. Therefore, the program enjoys a high academic reputation, both domestically and internationally.

二、培养目标

1. 河海大学硕士层次外国留学生应当在移民科学与工程领域中具有良好的国际视野，能够在多个国家的实际社会经济环境中运用和发展移民科学与工程的知识、技能和方法，具有调查、分析、研究各类移民政策、规划、实施、管理、监测、评估的能力，并具备在国际组织、政府、企业、金融机构、社会团体从事移民事务及国际国内发展项目移民安置规划和实施管理的能力。

2. 本学科以英语为专业教学语言，外国留学生毕业时，中文能力应当至少达到《国际汉语能力标准》三级水平。

3. 学生应具有社会学、管理学、经济学等多学科交叉的、较扎实的基础理论和系统深入的移民科

学与工程专门知识，熟悉现代信息技术，掌握学科前沿国内外动态，具有独立运用相关基础理论分析与解决移民理论与实践问题的能力，能独立从事移民科学与工程科研工作，并能成为做出创造性成果的高级专门人才。

II. Discipline Objectives

1. International master graduates of Hohai University are expected to have good international perspective in the field of resettlement science and engineering, be able to apply and develop knowledge, skills, and methods in different countries, have the ability to investigate, analyze and study various types of resettlement policies, planning, implementation, management, monitoring and evaluation, and be capable of working in international institutions, governments, enterprises, financial institutions and social organisations in resettlement at home and abroad.

2. International master course is conducted in English. Nevertheless, graduates are required to reach at least Level 3 of the International Standard for Chinese Language Proficiency upon graduation.

3. Students should grasp basic theories and systematic expertise in resettlement science and engineering with intersection of sociology, management, economics and other disciplines to develop into senior professionals with frontiers of knowledge and independent capabilities in resettlement science and engineering.

三、主要研究方向

1. 移民科学
2. 移民工程
3. 移民管理
4. 移民社会经济

III. Research Directions

1. Resettlement Science

2. Resettlement Engineering
3. Resettlement Management
4. Resettlement Socioeconomics

四、学制和学习年限

学术学位全英文硕士留学研究生的标准学制为 3 年。实行弹性学制，学习年限最短不少于 2 年，最长不超过 5 年。

IV. Number of Years Requirement

The master program typically requires 3 years to complete. However, the completing time may vary to 2 years as the minimum and 5 years as the maximum.

五、学分要求和课程设置

1. 移民科学与工程硕士留学研究生课程总学分为 28 学分，其中学位课程为 20 学分，非学位课程为 8 学分。另设教学环节。所有课程学习一般应在入学后 1 年内完成。
2. 汉语课每学分为 24 学时，中国概况课每学分为 18 学时，其他课程每学分为 16 学时。
3. 中国国情教育（水韵课堂）为系列专题讲座，要求学生按照要求完成规定的学习任务。
4. 对于汉语水平已达到毕业要求的学生，可申请免修汉语，具体要求详见留学生课程免修有关规定。

具体课程设置如下：

V. Credit Requirements and Curriculum

1. International academic master students will complete 28 credits , 20 of which are from degree courses, and 8 of which are from non-degree courses. Students will also complete academic activities. Coursework will be completed in one year after registration.

2. Each credit of Chinese language course is 24 credit hours. Each credit of Introduction to China is 18 credit hours. For other courses, each credit is 16 credit hours.

3. “Water Harmony Lectures” is a series of seminars, which require students to complete the specified learning tasks.

4. For students who have met the Chinese language requirement for the master degree, Chinese language courses can be exempted, of which the details can be referred to in relevant regulations.

The specific curriculum is as follows:

移民科学与工程全英文学术型留学硕士研究生课程设置

Curriculum for English Taught International Academic Master Students Majoring in Resettlement Science and Engineering

课程类别 Category	课程代码 Course Code	课程名称 Course Name	学分 Credit	学时 Hours	开课学期 Term	备注 Remarks
学位课程 Degree Course 20 学分	公共课程 General Course	2022LM000001 汉语 I Chinese Language I	2	48	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
		2022LM000002 汉语 II Chinese Language II	2	48	春 Spring	
		2022LM000003 中国概况 Introduction to China	2	36	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM110001 论文写作指导 Guide of Thesis Writing	2	32	秋、春 Autumn/ Spring	
	基础课程 Basic Course	2022LM160101 社会研究方法 Social Research Methods	2	32	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
		2022LM160102 社会理论 Social Theory	2	32	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM160305 项目评价与管理 Evaluation and Management of the Project	2	32	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM550002 高级经济学 Advanced Economics	2	32	秋 Autumn	选修 2 学分 Optional 2 credits at least
		2022LM550001 高级管理学 Advanced Management	2	32	秋 Autumn	
	专业课程 Major Course	2022LM160201 移民管理学 Resettlement Management Science	2	32	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
2022LM160301 公共政策分析 Public Policy Analysis		2	32	春 Spring		
非学位课程 Non-degree Course 8 学分	2022LM110002 中国国情教育（水韵课堂） Water Harmony Lectures	1	16	秋、春 Autumn/ Spring	必修 Compulsory	
	2022LM160202 移民规划与实施 Resettlement Planning and Implementation	2	32	春 Spring	选修 7 学分 Optional 7 credits at least	
	2022LM160108 社会评价 Social Assessment	2	32	秋 Autumn		
	2022LM160104 发展研究 Development Research	2	32	秋 Autumn		
	2022LM160106 移民社会学 Sociology of Resettlement and Migration	2	32	春 Spring		
	2022LM160307 应用心理学 Applied Psychology	2	32	春 Spring		
	选修硕士课程 Optional courses for master					选修 Optional
教学环节 Academic Activity	学术活动（含博导讲座） Seminar and Conferences				必修 Compulsory	
	实践活动 Practice Activity					
	科学研究 Scientific Research					

六、教学环节

1. 个人培养计划

学术学位硕士研究生入学后，应在导师指导下，在规定时间内按照培养方案和学位论文工作有关规定，结合研究方向和本人实际情况制定个人培养计划，其中学习计划在入学 2 个月内提交。

2. 学术活动

学术学位硕士研究生学术活动包括参加国内外学术会议、专家学术讲座，以及研究生学术研讨活动等。申请学位论文答辩前必须参加 10 次以上的学术交流活动，其中博导讲座至少 2 次。研究生参加学术活动必须填写相关学术活动登记本。

3. 实践活动

为培养劳动实践能力和责任意识，学术学位硕士研究生必须参加实践活动，实践活动形式包括助教、助管、助研、生产实践、社会实践等。由导师对学生实践环节的时长和效果进行考核和评价。

VI. Academic Session

1. Study Proposal

The master students must prepare a proposal on how they will complete the master degree by considering their research interests, advice from their research advisors, and other requirements mentioned in this document. The proposal must be submitted in two months after official registration.

2. Seminars and Conferences

Master students must participate in academic conferences, talks by experts, seminars by PhD advisors, and discussion panels. Before they apply for the master degree, master students must participate in seminars and conferences over 10 times, including 2 seminars by PhD advisors. All the seminars and talks should be recorded in relevant record book.

3. Practical Activities

Master students are required to participate in practice activities to prepare professional development. Practice activities include teaching assistantship, research assistantship, management assistantship, and

industry engagement etc., that are to be assessed by the advisors.

七、论文工作

学术学位硕士学位论文研究工作必须经过文献阅读、论文选题、论文计划及开题报告、论文中期检查、科研成果产出、学位论文预审、学位论文评阅、学位论文答辩等环节。具体按照《河海大学硕士学位论文工作管理办法》和学院相关文件执行。留学硕士研究生可使用英文撰写论文。

VII. Dissertation

The dissertations of academic master students are required to complete the stages of literature review, topic selection, dissertation plan and dissertation proposal, mid-term examination, output of scientific research achievements, pre-examination, review and assessment, and dissertation defense. Detailed requirements can be referred to in “Hohai University Master's Dissertation Management Measures” and relevant documents in the college of public management. Dissertation in English is acceptable.

八、本学科推荐阅读的重要书目、专著和学术期刊

VIII. Recommended Bibliographies, Monographs and Academic Journals of the Discipline

1. Mohammad Zaman, Reshmy Nair, Guoqing Shi. *Resettlement in Asian Countries: Legislation, Administration and Struggles for Rights*. Routledge, 2021.
2. Art Hansen, Anthony Oliver-Smith. *Involuntary Migration and Resettlement: The Problems and Responses of Dislocated People*. Routledge, 2019.
3. Matthew Scott, Albert Salamanca. *Climate Change, Disasters, and Internal Displacement in Asia and the Pacific: A Human Rights-Based Approach (Routledge Studies in Development, Displacement and Resettlement)*. Routledge, 2020.
4. Susanna Price, Jane Singer. *Global Implications of Development, Disasters and Climate Change:*

Responses to Displacement from Asia Pacific (Routledge Studies in Development, Displacement and Resettlement). Routledge, 2015.

5. Ryo Fujikura, Mikiyasu Nakayama. Resettlement Policy in Large Development Projects (Routledge Studies in Development, Displacement and Resettlement). Routledge, 2015.

6. Irge Satiroglu, Narae Choi. Development-Induced Displacement and Resettlement: New perspectives on persisting problems (Routledge Studies in Development, Displacement and Resettlement). Routledge, 2015.

7. Scott Leckie. Land Solutions for Climate Displacement (Routledge Studies in Development, Displacement and Resettlement). Routledge, 2014.

8. Anjan Chakrabarti, Anup Kumar Dhar. Dislocation and Resettlement in Development: From Third World to the World of the Third. Routledge, 2009.

9. Yan Tan. Resettlement in the Three Gorges Project. Hong Kong University Press, 2008.

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11. Idowu Jola Ajibade, A.R. Siders. Global Views on Climate Relocation and Social Justice: Navigating Retreat (Routledge Studies in Environmental Migration, Displacement and Resettlement). Routledge, 2019.

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22. Max Martin. Climate, Environmental Hazards and Migration in Bangladesh (Routledge Studies in Hazards, Disaster Risk and Climate Change). Routledge, 2017.

23. Owen Grafham. Energy Access and Forced Migration (Routledge Studies in Energy Transitions). Routledge, 2019.

24. Suranjana Choudhury, Nabanita Sengupta. Understanding Women's Experiences of Displacement: Literature, Culture and Society in South Asia. Routledge, 2021.

25. Ragnhild Lund, Kyoko Kusakabe, Smita Mishra Panda, Yunxian Wang. Gender, Mobilities, and Livelihood Transformations: Comparing Indigenous People in China, India, and Laos (Routledge Studies in Development, Mobilities and Migration). Routledge, 2013.

26. Scott Leckie, Ezekiel Simperingham. Climate Change and Displacement Reader. Routledge, 2012.

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78. Journal: Modern Asian Studies
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公共管理（1204）

Public Administration

学科门类：管理学（12） 一级学科：公共管理学（1204）

Discipline: Management (12)

First-Class Discipline: Public Administration (1204)

一、学科简介

公共管理是当代国际社会通行的一门新兴学科。作为综合运用多种科学理论和方法来研究公共管理活动及其规律的知识体系，公共管理从属于管理学门类。公共管理分设行政管理、社会医学与卫生事业管理、社会保障、教育经济与管理、土地资源管理等 5 个二级学科专业。随着国际社会公共管理现代化、科学化、专业化要求的不断提升，国际社会对各个国家的公共管理改革实践越来越高度重视。

1994 年开始，我校分别在技术经济及管理、马克思主义理论与思想政治教育等硕士点中设置与公共管理相关的研究方向，培养与公共管理相关的毕业生 300 多人，并在公共政策、公共经济、土地资源管理、移民管理等领域取得了较为丰硕的成果，形成了我校公共管理学科的特色。公共管理学科经过多年的培育和发展，于 2003 年批准设立行政管理硕士点，于 2005 年获得公共管理一级学科硕士学位授予权，包括行政管理、社会保障、土地资源管理和移民管理等 4 个学科方向，在教育部第三、第四轮学科评估中名列前茅，2019 年获批社会治理与公共政策二级学科博士点，2022 年获批“十四五”江苏省重点学科。

本学科现有研究生导师 28 人，其中教授 13 人，副教授 14 人；博士生导师 8 人，具有博士学位的导师 25 人。近年来，本学科导师先后承担国家级、省部级、厅局级各类科研项目 350 多项，出版专著 50 多部，发表论文 1200 多篇。结构合理的师资配备，将为培养新一代高级公共管理人才提供保障，确保满足学生就业和进一步深造的需求。

I. Discipline Overview

Public administration is a new subject in contemporary society and belongs to the discipline of management. It is a knowledge system that involves the comprehensive use of various scientific theories and methods in the study of public management activities and rules. The Public Administration encompasses five divisions: Administrative Management, Public Health Management, Social Welfare, Education Administration and Management, and Land Resource Management. With continuous improvements in the modernization, scientific, and professional requirements of public administration, increasing attention has been paid to public administration reform in various countries. Since 1994, Hohai University has offered a Public Administration course under master's programs such as Technical Administration and Management, Marxist Theory, and Political Education, which have produced more than 300 graduates. It was then expanded to other fields, including public policy, public economy, land resource management, and immigration management. In 2003, the Master of Public Administration program was approved for offering at Hohai University, with specializations in Administrative Management, Social Welfare, Land Resource Management, and Immigration Management. In 2019, the Doctoral Program in Social Governance and Public Policy was approved for offering at the university, and in 2022, it was selected as a key discipline in Jiangsu Province in the 14th Five-Year Plan of China. It was also conferred a high ranking in the third and fourth rounds of discipline evaluation by China's Ministry of Education.

We have 28 research student supervisors and 25 supervisors with doctoral degrees. Among the 25 supervisors, 13 are professors and 14 are associate professors. Of these personnel, eight are authorized to supervise PhD students. In recent years, we have undertaken more than 350 research projects, published more than 50 books, and have had more than 1,200 journal and conference papers published. We are committed to providing high-quality education to public management talents.

二、培养目标

1. 河海大学硕士层次外国留学生应当在公共管理领域中具有较好的国际视野，能够在多个国家的实际环境中运用和发展公共管理的知识、技能和方法，并具备参与国际事务和国际竞争的能力。

2. 以英语为专业教学语言的学科、专业中，外国留学生毕业时，硕士研究生的中文能力应当至少达到《国际汉语能力标准》三级水平。

3. 公共管理专业旨在培养具有当代国际公共管理理论、技术、方法等学科素养，系统掌握国际公共管理的科学理论和专门知识，具有宽厚的科学基础知识和复合型、应用型的知识结构，具有创新性思维和运用管理、政治、经济、法律 and 现代科技等多科学知识进行公共政策分析和公共事务管理的能力，能够胜任公共管理理论研究、政府及公共部门管理实践与实务等工作的高级公共管理人才。

培养方案的设计要为学生提供良好的学术环境，学生通过了解学习当代国际公共管理理论前沿，探索新知识和应用公共管理原理解决各国公共管理领域的现实问题。鼓励学生应用获得的知识和技能发展解决公共管理问题的能力，为推进各国公共管理实践深入发展作出新贡献。

II. Training Objectives

1. International master graduates of Hohai University are expected to have good international view, to apply and develop the theories, skills, and methodologies in the actual environment of several countries, and to participate in the international academic affairs.

2. International master graduates must meet the requirement of Level 3 in Chinese Language Proficiency Scales upon graduation if they conduct their coursework in English.

3. Students systematically master scientific theories and specialized knowledge regarding public administration, develop innovative thinking, and acquire the ability to use management, politics, economics, law, and modern science and technology in carrying out public policy analysis and public affairs management. They evolve into competent theoretical researchers of public administration and practitioners of management, governance, and public department administration. The program is committed to providing students with a favorable environment for academic development where they can solve practical problems in the field of

public management in various countries by understanding the frontiers of contemporary public administration theory and exploring new knowledge. Students are also encouraged to apply acquired knowledge and skills in resolving public administration problems and contributing to the extensive development of public administration practices in a variety of countries.

三、主要研究方向

公共管理留学硕士研究生全英文培养计划包括以下主要研究方向：

1. 行政管理
2. 社会保障
3. 土地资源管理
4. 移民管理

III. Research Directions

The study proposal for English taught international academic master students majoring in public management includes the following main research orientations:

1. Administration Management
2. Social Security
3. Land Resource Management
4. Resettlement Management

四、学制和学习年限

学术学位全英文硕士留学研究生的标准学制为 3 年。实行弹性学制，学习年限最短不少于 2 年，最长不超过 5 年。

IV. Number of Years Requirement

The master program typically requires 3 years to complete. However, the completing time may vary to 2 years as the minimum, and 5 years as the maximum.

五、学分要求和课程设置

1. 学术学位全英文硕士留学研究生课程总学分为 28 学分，其中学位课程为 20 学分，非学位课程为 8 学分。另设教学环节。所有课程学习一般应在入学后 1 年内完成。
2. 汉语课每学分为 24 学时，中国概况课每学分为 18 学时，其他课程每学分为 16 学时。
3. 中国国情教育（水韵课堂）为系列专题讲座，要求学生按照要求完成规定的学习任务。
4. 对于汉语水平已达到毕业要求的学生，可申请免修汉语，具体要求详见留学生课程免修有关规定。

具体课程设置如下：

V. Credit Requirements and Curriculum Provision

1. International academic master students will complete 28 credits, 20 of which are from degree courses, and 8 of which are from non-degree courses. Students will also complete academic activities. Coursework will be completed in one year after registration.
2. Each credit of Chinese language course is 24 credit hours. Each credit of Introduction to China is 18 credit hours. For other courses, each credit is 16 credit hours.
3. “Water Harmony Lectures” is a series of seminars, which require students to complete the specified learning tasks.
4. For students who have met the Chinese language requirement for the master degree, Chinese language courses can be exempted, of which the details can be referred to in relevant regulations.

The specific curriculum is as follows:

公共管理硕士全英文学术型留学硕士研究生课程设置

Curriculum for English Taught International Academic Master Students in Public Management

课程类别 Category	课程代码 Course Code	课程名称 Course Name	学分 Credit	学时 Hours	开课学期 Term	备注 Remarks
学位课程 Degree Course 20 学分	公共课程 General Course	2022LM000001 汉语 I Chinese Language I	2	48	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
		2022LM000002 汉语 II Chinese Language II	2	48	春 Spring	
		2022LM000003 中国概况 Introduction to China	2	36	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM110001 论文写作指导 Guide of Thesis Writing	2	32	秋、春 Autumn/ Spring	
	基础课程 Basic Course	2022LM160301 公共政策分析 Public Policy Analysis	2	32	春 Spring	必修 Compulsory
		2022LM160101 社会研究方法 Social Research Methods	2	32	秋 Autumn	
		2022LM160302 公共人力资源管理 Public Human Resource Management	2	32	春 Spring	
		2022LM991506 微观经济学 Microeconomics	2	32	秋 Autumn	
	专业课程 Major Course	2022LM160201 移民管理学 Resettlement Management Science	2	32	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
		2022LM160303 社会福利与社会救助 Social Welfare and Social Relief	2	32	秋 Autumn	必修 Compulsory
非学位课程 Non-degree Course 8 学分	2022LM110002 中国国情教育（水韵课堂） Water Harmony Lectures	1	16	秋、春 Autumn/ Spring	必修 Compulsory	
	2022LM160304 资源与环境经济学 Environment and Natural Resource Economics	2	32	春 Spring	选修 7 学分 Optional 7 credits at least	
	2022LM160305 项目评价与管理 Evaluation and Management of the Project	2	32	秋 Autumn		
	2022LM160202 移民规划与实施 Resettlement Planning and Implementation	2	32	春 Spring		
	2022LM160307 应用心理学 Applied Psychology	2	32	春 Spring		
	2022LM160108 社会评价 Social Assessment	2	32	秋 Autumn		
	选修硕士课程 Optional courses for master					选修 Optional
教学环节 Academic Activity	学术活动（含博导讲座） Seminar and Conferences (including seminars by PhD advisors)					必修 Compulsory
	实践活动 Practice Activity					
	科学研究 Scientific Research					

六、教学环节

1. 个人培养计划

学术学位硕士研究生入学后，应在导师指导下，在规定时间内按照培养方案和学位论文工作有关规定，结合研究方向和本人实际情况制定个人培养计划，其中学习计划在入学 2 个月内提交。

2. 学术活动

学术学位硕士研究生学术活动包括参加国内外学术会议、专家学术讲座，以及研究生学术研讨活动等。申请学位论文答辩前必须参加 10 次以上的学术交流活动，其中博导讲座至少 2 次。研究生参加学术活动必须填写相关学术活动登记本。

3. 实践活动

为培养劳动实践能力和责任意识，学术学位硕士研究生必须参加实践活动，实践活动形式包括助教、助管、助研、生产实践、社会实践等。由导师对学生实践环节的时长和效果进行考核和评价。

VI. Academic Activities

1. Study Proposal

The master students must prepare a study proposal on how they will complete the master degree by considering their research interests, advice from their research advisors, and other requirements mentioned in this document. The proposal must be submitted in two months after official registration.

2. Seminars and Presentations

Master students must participate in academic conferences, seminars by experts and PhD advisors, and discussion panels. Before their dissertation defense, master students must participate in seminars and conferences over 10 times, including at least 2 seminars by PhD advisors. All the seminars and presentations should be recorded in relevant record book.

3. Practice Activities

Master students are required to participate in practice activities to prepare professional development. Practice activities include teaching assistantship, research assistantship, management assistantship, and

industry engagement etc., which are to be assessed by the advisors.

七、论文工作

学术学位硕士学位论文研究工作必须经过文献阅读、论文选题、论文计划及开题报告、论文中期检查、科研成果产出、学位论文预审、学位论文评阅、学位论文答辩等环节。具体按照《河海大学硕士学位论文工作管理办法》和学院相关文件执行。可使用英文撰写论文。

VII. Dissertation

The dissertations of academic master students are required to complete the stages of literature review, topic selection, dissertation plan and dissertation proposal, mid-term examination, output of scientific research achievements, pre-examination, review and assessment, and dissertation defense. Detailed requirements can be referred to in “Hohai University Master's Dissertation Management Measures” and relevant documents in the college of public management. Dissertation in English is acceptable.

八、本学科推荐阅读的重要书目、专著和学术期刊

VIII. Recommended Bibliographies, Monographs and Academic Journals of the Discipline

1. Wolfgang Kasper, et al. Institutional economics: social order and public policy [M], Edward Elgar Pub,2000.
2. Elinor Ostrom, et al. Patterns of metropolitan policing. [M],Harper Collins Distribution Services,1978.
3. Douglass C. North. Structure and change in economic history[M],W. W. Norton & Company,1983.
4. Mancur Olson. The logic of collective action: public goods and the theory of groups, second printing with new preface and appendix[M],Harvard University Press,1971.
5. Randall G. Holcombe. Public sector economics: the role of government in the American

economy[M],Prentice Hall,2005.

6. William Beveridge. Social insurance and allied services : report by Sir William Beveridge[M],London : H.M.S.O.,1942.

7. Arthur Cecil Pigou. The economics of welfare[M],Cosimo Classics,2006.

8. Michael Dean McGinnis. Polycentricity and local public economies[M],University of Michigan Press,1999.

9. Donald F. Kettl, et al. The politics of the administrative process[M],CQ Press,2005.

10. David H. Rosenbloom, et al. Public administration: understanding management, politics, and law in the public sector[M],McGraw-Hill, 1998.

11. John Clayton Thomas. Public participation in public decisions: new skills and strategies for public managers[M],Jossey-Bass Publishers,1995.

12. Vincent Ostrom, et al. Local government in the United States[M],Ics Press,1989.

13. Robert D. Putnam. Making democracy work: civic traditions in modern Italy[M],Princeton University Press,1993.

14. James N. Rosenau. Governance without government: order and change in world politics [M],Cambridge University Press,1992.

15. Joseph S. Jr. Nye, et al. Governance in a globalizing world[M],Brookings Institution Press,2000.

16. Paul C. Nutt, et al. Strategic management of public and third sector organizations: a handbook for leaders [M],Jossey-Bass Publishers,1992.

17. Elinor Ostrom, et al. Institutional incentives and sustainable development: infrastructure policies in perspective[M],Westview Press,1993.

18. Gary Dessler. Human resource management(fourteenth edition) [M],Pearson, 2016.

19. Donald E. Klingner, et al. Public personnel management contexts and strategies(Fourth edition) [M],Phoenix Color Corp,1998.

20. Reeves T. Zane. Cases in public human resource management [M], Cengage Learning, Inc, 2005.
21. Mohammad Zaman, Reshmy Nair, Guoqing Shi. Resettlement in Asian Countries: Legislation, Administration and Struggles for Rights [M]. Routledge, 2021.
22. 陈振明等. 社会管理: 理论、实践与案例[M], 中国人民大学出版社, 2012.
23. 张康之. 寻找公共行政的伦理视角[M], 中国人民大学出版社, 2012.
24. 毛寿龙. 西方公共行政学名著提要[M], 江西人民出版社, 2001.
25. 杨燕绥. 社会保障[M], 清华大学出版社, 2011.
26. 郑功成. 社会保障学[M], 中国劳动社会保障出版社, 2005.
27. 林义. 社会保险基金管理[M], 中国劳动社会保障出版社, 2007.
28. 张红. 房地产经济学[M], 北京大学出版社, 2005.
29. 黄贤金. 土地政策学[M], 中国农业出版社, 2020.
30. 王万茂. 土地利用规划学[M], 科学出版社, 2008.
31. 陆红生. 土地管理学总论[M], 中国农业出版社, 2007.
32. 黄小虎. 土地与社会主义市场经济[M], 中国财政经济出版社, 2008.
33. 敬义嘉. 公共管理的未来十年[M], 上海人民出版社, 2012.
34. 张建民. 公共管理研究方法[M], 中国人民大学出版社, 2012.
35. 刘兆东. 政府公共服务与社会管理创新研究[M], 西南交通大学出版社, 2012.
36. 姜晓萍. 地方政府流程再造[M], 中国人民大学出版社, 2012.
37. 孙柏瑛. 当代地方治理[M], 中国人民大学出版社, 2004.
38. 沈体雁等. 空间计量分析软件: GeoDa、GeoDaSpace 和 PySAL 操作手册[M], 北京大学出版社, 2019.
39. 王周伟等. 空间计量经济学: 现代模型与方法[M], 北京大学出版社, 2017.
40. 余文学. 工程移民安置规划理论与实践[M], 河海大学出版社, 2020.
41. 施国庆等, 水库移民系统规划理论与应用[M], 河海大学出版社, 1996

42. 施国庆著, 移民权益保障与政府责任[M], 吉林人民出版社, 2009
43. 施国庆, 李文, 孙中良, 张虎彪, 水库移民城镇安置与社会管理创新[M], 社会科学文献出版社, 2014
44. 施国庆, 陈绍军等, 中国移民政策与实践[M], 宁夏人民出版社, 2000 年
45. 陈绍军等, 水利水电工程移民政策与法规[M], 水利水电出版社, 2006 年
46. 陈绍军等, 失地农民和社会保障: 水平分析与模式重构[M], 社会科学文献出版社, 2010 年
47. 陈绍军等, 工程项目征地安置评价理论方法及应用[M], 中国电力出版社, 2015 年
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49. 王慧娟, 施国庆, 城市郊区征地拆迁移民置换与补偿安置[M], 社会科学文献出版社, 2013
50. Reference Journals: Social Sciences in China
51. Reference Journals: Journal of Public Management
52. Reference Journals: Xinhua Digest
53. Reference Journals: Open Times
54. Reference Journals: Chinese Public Administration
55. Reference Journals: Journal of Social Sciences
56. Reference Journals: Academic Monthly
57. Reference Journals: CASS Journal of Political Science
58. Reference Journals: Southeast Academic Research
59. Reference Journals: Journal of Public Administration
60. Reference Journals: China Population , Resources and Environment
61. Reference Journals: Jiangsu Social Sciences
62. Reference Journals: Zhejiang Social Sciences
63. Reference Journals: China Land Science
64. Reference Journals: Journal of Natural Resources

65. Reference Journals: Chinese Social Security Review
66. Reference Journals: Public Administration Review
67. Reference Journals: Land Use Policy
68. Reference Journals: International Journal of Social Welfare
69. Reference Journals: Impact Assessment and Project Appraisal
70. Reference Journals: Disaster Prevention and Management
71. Reference Journals: Journal of Rural Studies
72. Reference Journals: Climate and Development
73. Reference Journals: Development Policy Review
74. Reference Journals: International Migration Review
75. Reference Journals: World Development
76. Reference Journals: Journal of Peasant Studies
77. Reference Journals: Cities
78. Reference Journals: Journal of Arid Land Resources and Environment
79. Reference Journals: Development and Change
80. Reference Journals: Resources Science
81. Reference Journals: Environment and Urbanization
82. Reference Journals: Urban Studies
83. Reference Journals: International Journal of Water Resources Development